**Women’s Rights Movement Webquest**

*Directions***:** Answer the following questions on a separate paper, handwritten please! Make sure to include the bold titles before each set of questions in your notes. Use the links to help you.

**Women’s Rights Convention at Seneca Falls**

<http://www.npg.si.edu/col/seneca/senfalls1.htm>

1. What were the names of the two women who first had the idea of planning a women’s convention?
2. The women decided a convention was needed to “discuss the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and rights of women." (please fill in.)
3. What did Elizabeth Cady Stanton write that would define the meeting? How was it similar to the Declaration of Independence?
4. Which famous former slave from Rochester, NY, was at the convention and supported its goals?

**Susan B. Anthony**

<http://susanbanthonyhouse.org/her-story/biography.php>

1. Which amendment did she help try to get passed that would out-law slavery? What was the name of the organization she created to help this cause?
2. She helped force what university to allow women to attend? How did she get the money for it?
3. Why did Anthony support temperance but not prohibition?
4. Who was Anthony introduced to who was already very involved in the women's rights movement?
5. What organization did they form in 1866?
6. What happened to the Women’s Suffrage movement in 1869?
7. What happened to Anthony in Rochester, NY in 1872 when she voted in an election?
8. How many years did Anthony stand before Congress to argue for women's right to vote?

**Elizabeth Cady Stanton**

<https://www.nwhm.org/education-resources/biography/biographies/elizabeth-cady-stanton/>

1. Why did she want to hold an woman’s right convention?
2. What law did she help pass in New York?
3. What was her book *The Woman’s Bible* about?

**Carrie Chapman Catt**

<http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/naw/cattbio.html>

1. What did Catt accomplish in 1900?
2. During her work with the IWSA, how many countries started woman’s suffrage organizations?
3. What was her “winning plan?”

**Ida B. Wells**

<https://www.nwhm.org/online-exhibits/rightsforwomen/AfricanAmericanwomen.html>

1. What organization did Wells found?
2. What were some of the White suffragists’ arguments for gaining the right to vote?
3. How did NAWSA treat Black suffragists?
4. What did Wells do at Alice Paul’s suffragists parade?
5. How long would it take Black women in the south to gain full enfranchisement?

**Alice Paul**

<http://www.alicepaul.org/who-was-alice-paul/>

1. (Click on “Alice Paul in England) What work did Alice Paul do before moving to England?
2. What were some of the tactics that the Pankhurst women used?
3. (Click on “Paul meets NAWSA and the president”) What role was Paul given in NAWSA?
4. (Click on “National Woman’s Party, Picketing and Prison”) How did Alice Paul and Carrie Chapman Catt differ in opinions?
5. What were “silent sentinels”?
6. (Click on “The Nineteenth Amendment”) Why did President Wilson reverse his stance on Women’s Suffrage?
7. When was the 19th amendment ratified?
8. (Click on “The Equal Rights Amendment”) What was the ERA?
9. Why didn’t the ERA pass in the late 1960s?